



Wangumbaug

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www.EcosystemConsulting.com

Principle #1 for the Practitioner:

Above all, do no harm!



Acute or Chronic?

“If it isn’t broken, don’t try to fix it!”

*Wangumbaug: Ice-Out
A Wind-Swept Shoal defines a lake.*



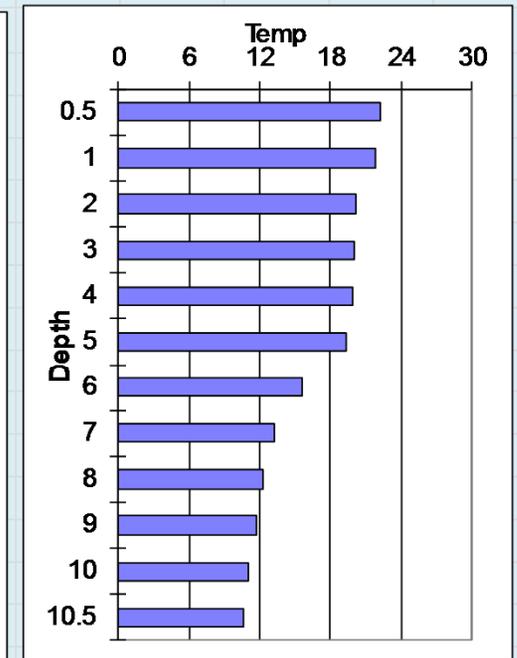
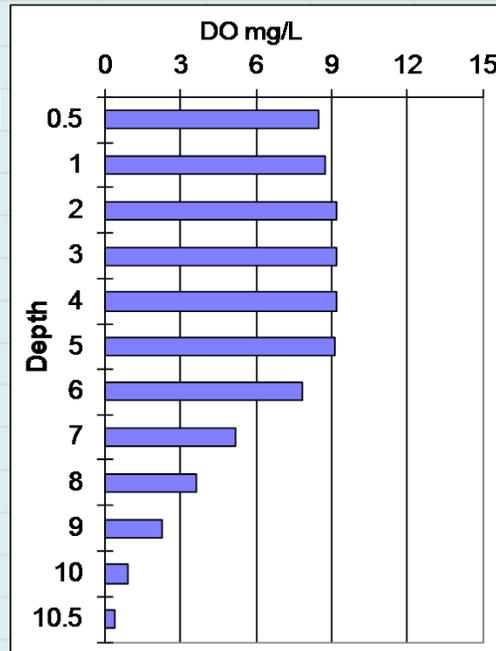
Coventry



Legend	
DO	Dissolved Oxygen Concentration
RTRM	Relative Thermal Resistance to Mixing
%SAT	DO Saturation as a function of Temperature
RVG	Relative Viscosity Gradient

Station	Deep		
Date	6/16/2014		
SECCHI	5.9	meters	19.4 ft
Compensation Depth	11.8	meters	
Anoxic Boundary	9.93	meters	
Sum RTRM	234		

Depth (m or ft)	Temp	DO	%Sat	RTRM	RVG
0.5	22.2	8.5	97	0	0
1	21.9	8.8	100	8	12
2	20.2	9.2	101	43	64
3	20.0	9.2	101	8	12
4	19.9	9.2	101	2	4
5	19.4	9.2	99	12	20
6	15.6	7.8	78	83	152
7	13.2	5.2	49	41	175
8	12.3	3.6	34	15	86
9	11.7	2.3	21	8	51
10	11.0	0.9	8	8	51
10.5	10.6	0.4	3	5	34



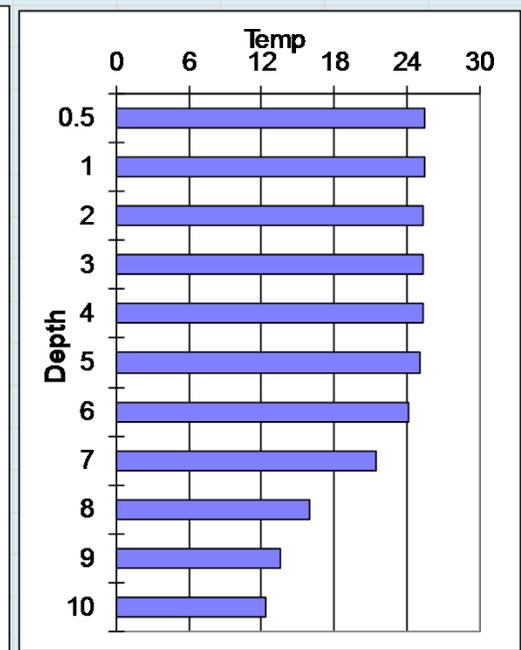
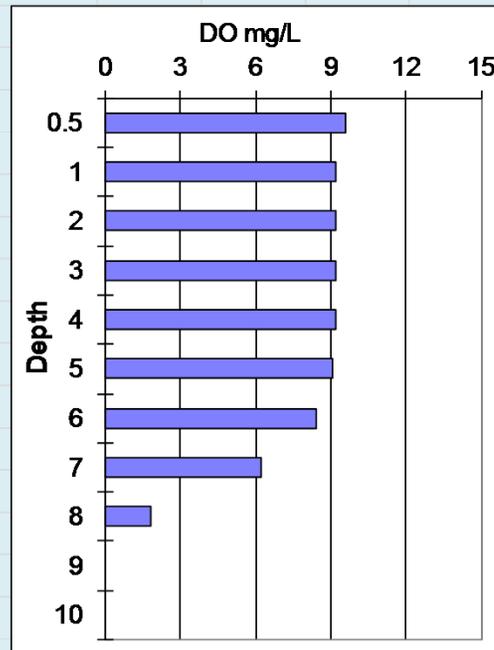
Coventry



Legend	
DO	Dissolved Oxygen Concentration
RTRM	Relative Thermal Resistance to Mixing
%SAT	DO Saturation as a function of Temperature
RVG	Relative Viscosity Gradient

Station	Deep		
Date	8/6/2014		
SECCHI	4.1	meters	13.5 ft
Compensation Depth	8.2	meters	
Anoxic Boundary	8.44	meters	
Sum RTRM	361		

Depth (m or ft)	Temp	DO	%Sat	RTRM	RVG
0.5	25.5	9.6	117	0	0
1	25.5	9.2	112	0	0
2	25.4	9.2	112	3	4
3	25.4	9.2	112	0	0
4	25.3	9.2	112	3	4
5	25.1	9.1	110	6	8
6	24.2	8.4	100	28	36
7	21.4	6.2	70	81	112
8	16.0	1.8	18	128	216
9	13.6	0.0	0	44	161
10	12.4	0.0	0	19	103
0	0.0	0.0	0	48	1177



Coventry Lake: Water Chemistry Data 2014

Total Phosphorus as P ($\mu\text{g/L}$)						
Depth (m)	28-Feb	14-Apr	16-Jun	5-Aug		
1m	7	11	5	7		
Mid	10	11	9	7		
OB	11	13	20	47		

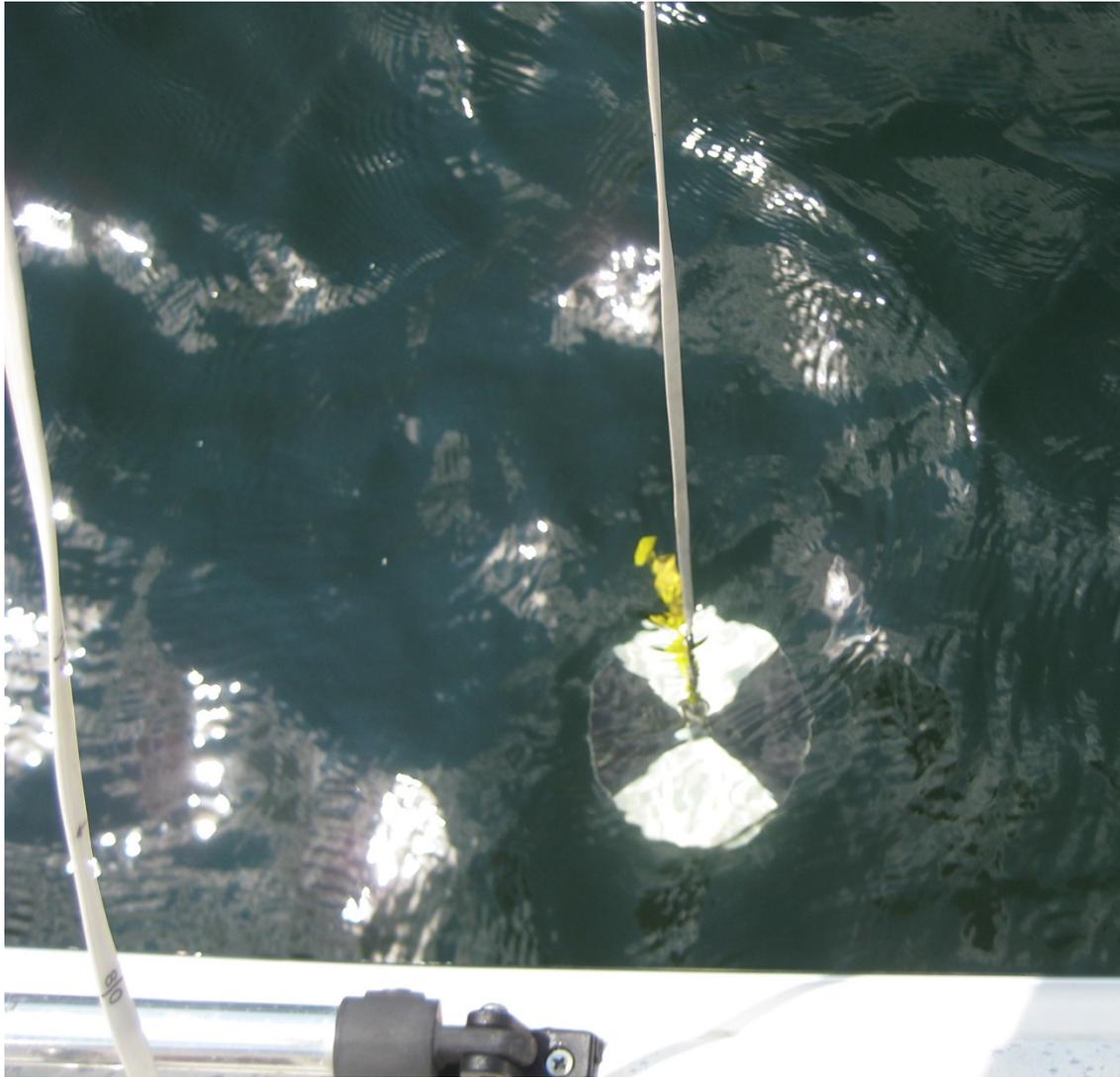
Ammonia as N ($\mu\text{g/L}$)						
Depth (m)	28-Feb	14-Apr	16-Jun	5-Aug		
1m	74		15	<10		
Mid	71		20	<10		
OB	101		410	163		

Nitrite / Nitrate ($\mu\text{g/L}$)						
Depth (m)	28-Feb	14-Apr	16-Jun	5-Aug		
1m	59	59	23	<10		
Mid	55		28	<10		
OB	134		<10	<10		

Silica (mg/L)						
Depth (m)	28-Feb	14-Apr	16-Jun	5-Aug		
1m	0.13	0.81	0.20	0.59		
Mid	0.21					
OB	1.4					

Iron (mg/L)						
Depth (m)	28-Feb	14-Apr	16-Jun	5-Aug		
OB	0.11		1.3	0.65		

Manganese (mg/L)						
Depth (m)	28-Feb	14-Apr	16-Jun	5-Aug		
OB	0.16		1.4	2		



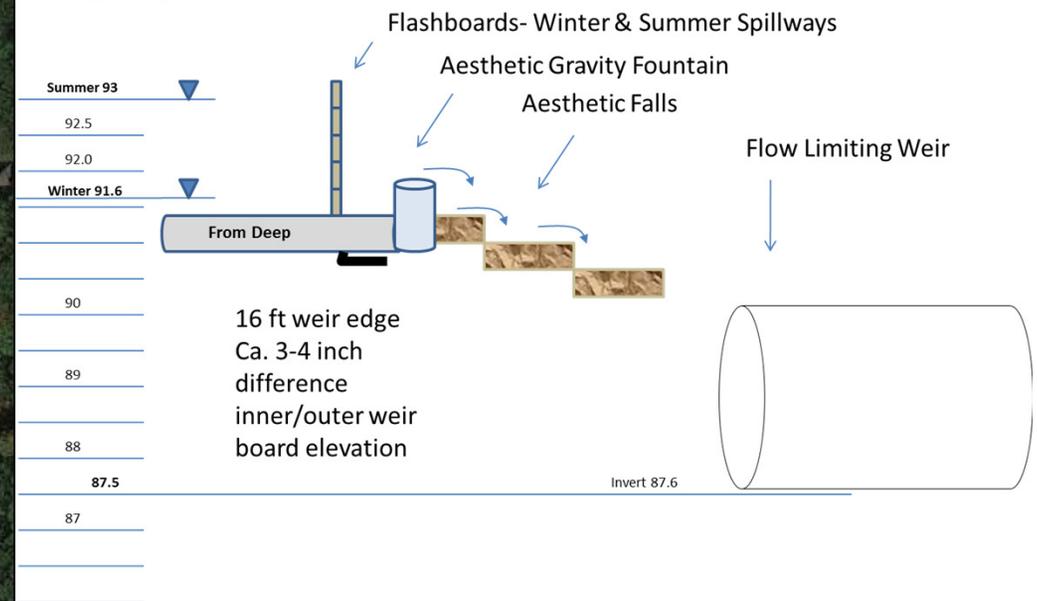
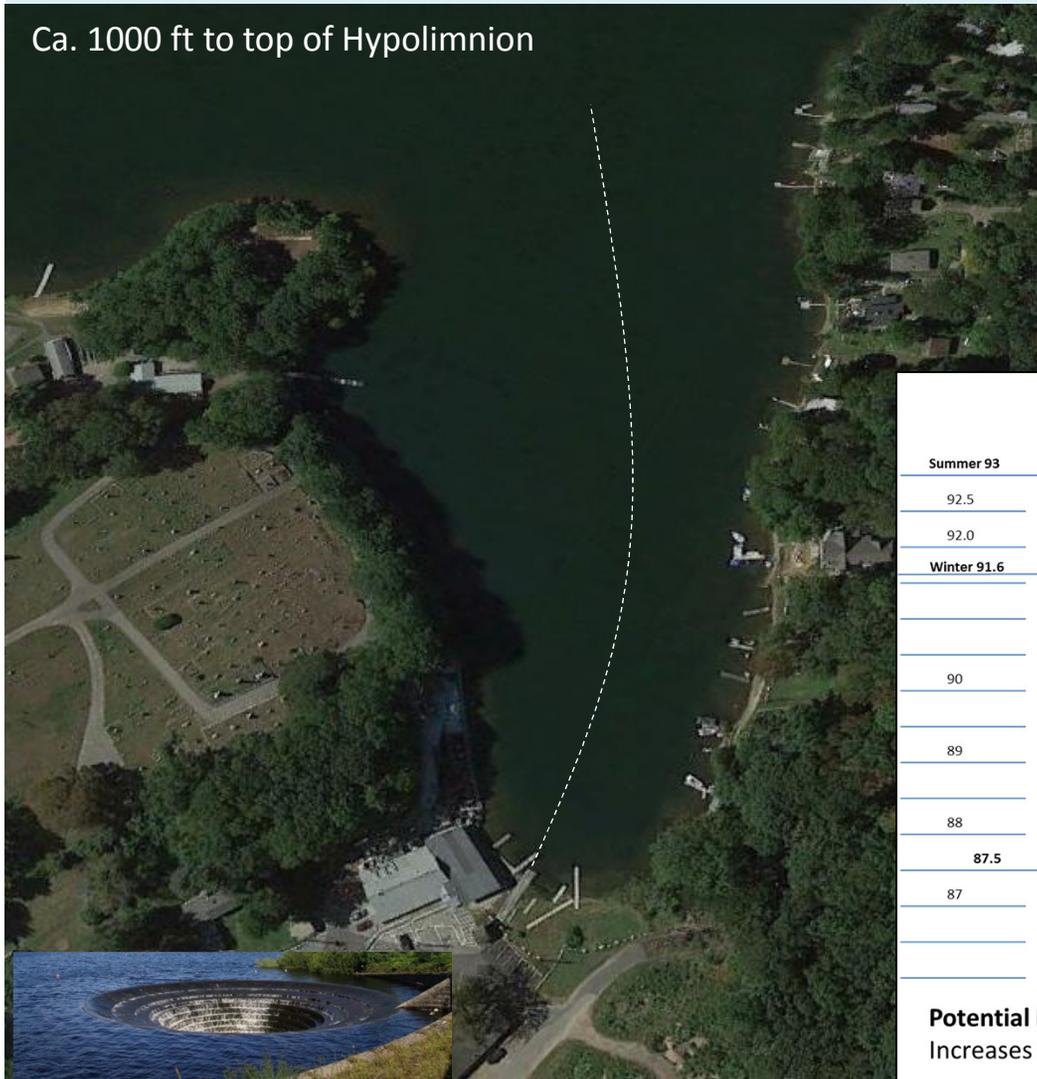
August 2014 Coventry Lake



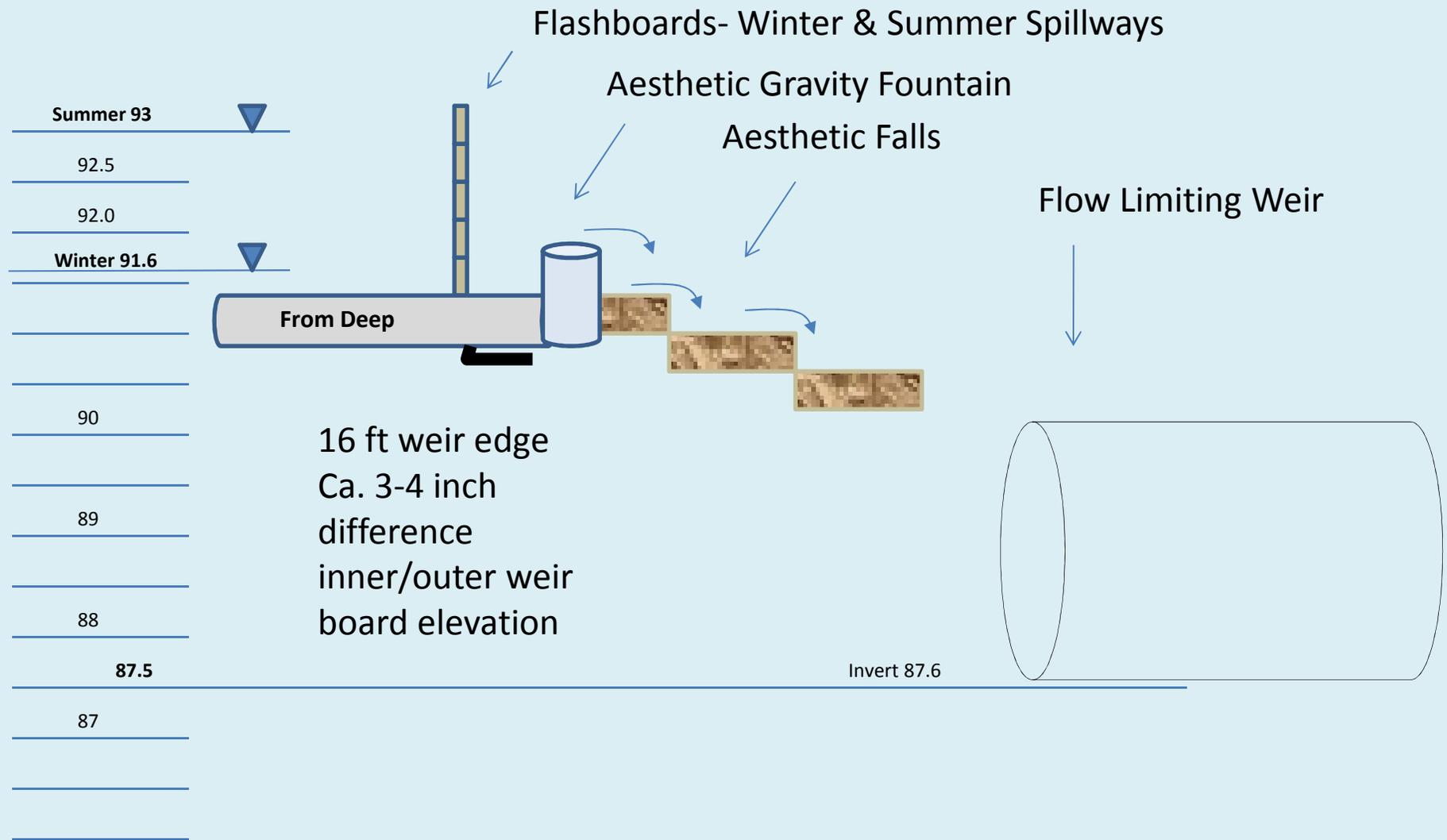
- Dan Safety, Passing Required Flows, Minimize Leaks
- Lake Management- More Stable Winter and Summer Elevations (Flashy Watershed)-
 - Long Weir (to Capacity Downstream)
- Aesthetic Features- Gravity Fountain, Cascade Re-Aeration Steps
- Future potential- Depth-Selective Outflow



Ca. 1000 ft to top of Hypolimnion



Potential Future Use: Water “Spills Out of the Lake” From nearer the Bottom;
Increases deep strata flushing rate, decreases oxygen loss and internal nutrient loading



Potential Future Use: Water “Spills Out of the Lake” From nearer the Bottom;
Increases deep strata flushing rate, decreases oxygen loss and internal nutrient loading







THIS BEACH RESERVED FOR THE
EXCLUSIVE USE OF
THE COVENTRY LAKE WATER SKI CLUB, INC.

PLEASE KEEP OUT

No Swimming, No Fishing, No Vessel Parking
No Landing on Beach

POLICE TAKE NOTICE



BY PERMIT FROM
COVENTRY PARKS & REC. DEPT.





We routinely use **Cargill Clearlane**

due to market and supply issues used some **straight salt**, and a medium to moderate amount of **IcebGone** from International salt during 2013-14. Application rates target 300/500 lbs. per lane mile.

Approximately 14 lane miles

(ca. 3 tons per treatment)

“Rough computation of oxygen demand” for a 14 lane mile application of Icebgone is about the oxygen content in 20 acre feet of lake water. The lake covers 370+ acres, 36 ft deep.



Material Safety Data Sheet

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name: ClearLane® enhanced deicer

Chemical Name: Sodium Chloride mixed with Magnesium Chloride

Formula: NaCl, MgCl₂, (HOCH₂CH₂)₃N

Molecular Weight: NaCl = 58.44, MgCl₂ = 95.22, (HOCH₂CH₂)₃N = 149.19

Manufacturer Name & Address: Cargill Deicing Technology
24950 Country Club Blvd., Ste 450
North Olmsted, OH 44070
800-600-7258 www.cargill.com

Emergency Telephone Contact Number: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 24 hours a day

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredients ^(*)	% weight	CAS No.	OSHA PEL	OSHA STEL	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL
Sodium chloride	91.0-96.0	7647-14-5	None	None	None	None
Water	2.6-4.0	7732-18-5	None	None	None	None
Magnesium Chloride	0.87-1.40	7786-30-3	None	None	None	None

Sears Ecological Applications Co, LLC

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ICE B'GONE I

SECTION I - MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION AND USE:

MATERIAL NAMEICE B'GONE, ICE B'GONE MAGIC, DCS₅₀**CLASSIFICATION/WHMIS**

Not Controlled

MANUFACTURERS' NAME AND ADDRESSSears Petroleum & Transport Corp
1914 Black River Blvd, Rome, NY 13440**EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS**

(315) 337-1235

CHEMICAL NAMEMagnesium Chloride and
Distillers Condensed Solubles (DCS)**CHEMICAL FAMILY**

N/A

CHEMICAL FORMULA

N/A

TRADE NAMES & SYNONYMSICE B'GONE, ICE B'GONE MAGIC,
Distiller Solubles, DCS,**MOLECULAR WEIGHT**

N/A

MATERIAL USE

Deicing, anti-icing

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS OF MATERIAL:

CHEMICAL IDENTITYMagnesium Chloride
Distillers Condensed Solubles**CONCENTRATION %**50-60%
40-50%**C.A.S.#**7786-30-3
N/A**LD50**N/A
N/A**LC50**N/A
N/A

What is Ice B'Gone®?

- Ice B'Gone is a highly effective ice melting product. It melts to minus 35°F. You can expect to “burn off” up to 2 inches of snow without having to plow. Ice B'Gone works faster and last longer than ordinary deicers, saving you up to 30% - 50% in salt use. Ice B'Gone is less corrosive, biodegradable and environmentally friendly.
- Ice B'Gone is safer to use on concrete and other hardscape products, is less corrosive, and will not harm curbside grassed areas or plants when used as directed.
- Ice B'Gone starts out as ordinary **rock salt**, which is then treated with a liquid, **agricultural by-product of the distilling process** blended with **magnesium chloride**. This patented liquid is trademarked as Ice B'Gone Magic Liquid and dramatically transforms rock salt into a new de-icing material.
- Ice B'Gone Magic Liquid is a highly effective de-icing agent made from a patented blend of magnesium chloride and condensed distiller soluble. It is non-toxic, bio-degradable and has a corrosion index lower than distilled water.
- Ice B'Gone can be supplied in bulk or can be made on your site by transforming rock salt or sand/salt mixture stockpiles with Ice B'Gone.

Winter Road Treatments – Potential Lake Impacts

Acute vs. Chronic Impacts

- Increased Oxygen Demand (Organic Products)
- Trace Metal Mobilization (Zn Cd,...)
- Roadside Soil Infertility (esp. Na; displaces other cations)
- Can Alter the Timing and Duration of Stratification
 - Meromictic Tendency
 - Can Alter Ice-cover
- Can Alter the Phytoplankton Community
 - Chloride-Sensitive Diatoms
 - Cyanobacteria can increase

- Lakes impacted more than Streams
 - Longer Residence Time = Greater Impact Potential
- Na Greater Impact Potential than Mg

Public Safety is Paramount, Road Treatments are Necessary



Source: CT DEP Fisheries Unit Notes August 2009

2009 Trout were stressed by Temperature-Oxygen Conditions in August 2009

Allelopathic: excretes substances that inhibit growth of phytoplankton (including Cyanobacteria)



Ceratophyllum demersum



Mono Pond, Columbia, CT

Fanwort
Cabomba caroliniana



Atmosphere

Landscapes

More TP= More Algae, More Oxygen Demand, and Less Clarity

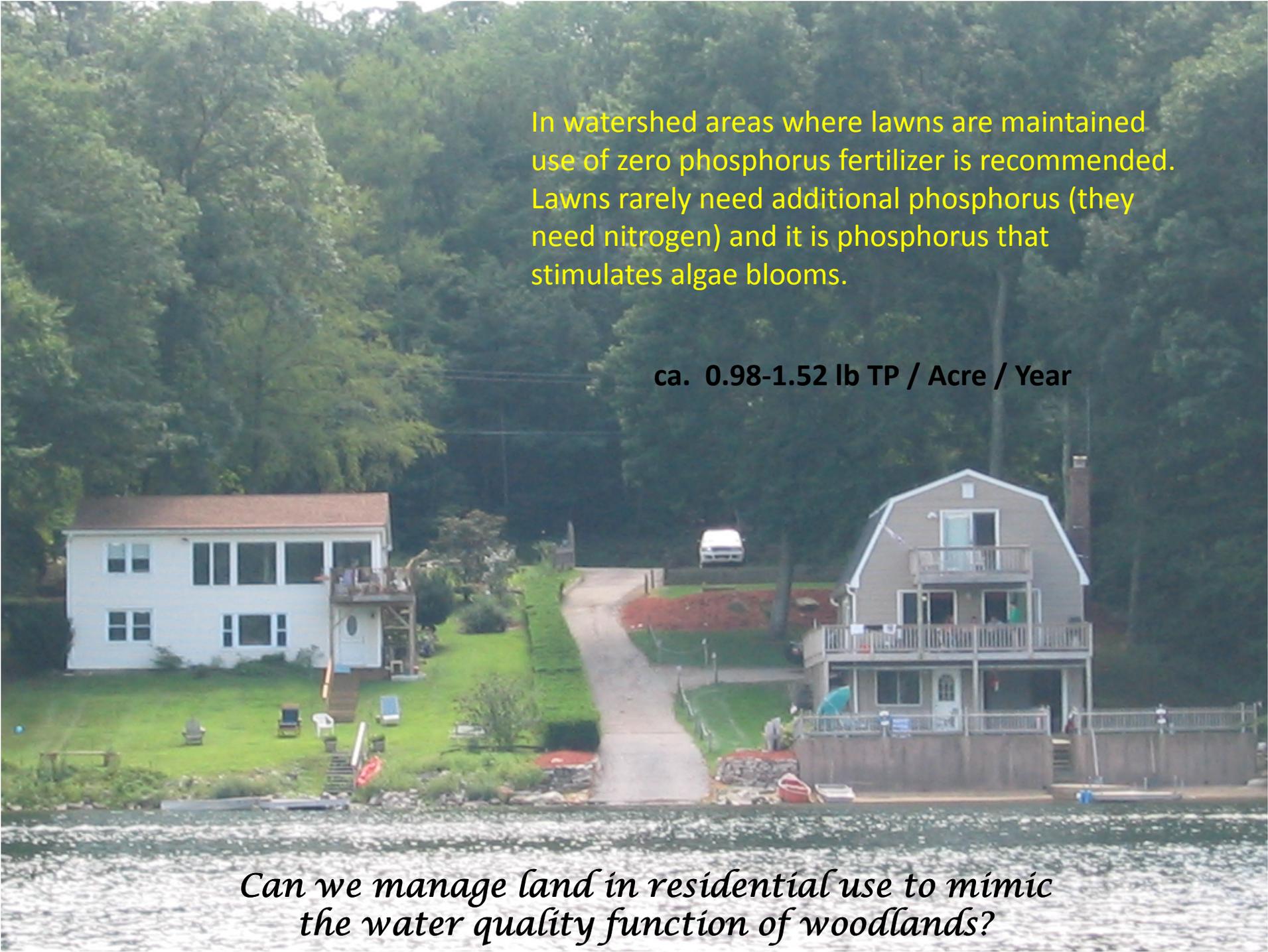
Lake Bottom

Zero Phosphorus Fertilizers

Amend State Statutes?

DONE!

Your lawn needs nitrogen...not phosphorus; and we need to minimize phosphorus in the lake to reduce algae blooms and weed abundance. You are a part of the lake ecosystem, and *you can help!*

A photograph of a residential property with two houses, a driveway, and a forested background. The house on the left is white with a brown roof and a deck. The house on the right is grey with a white roof and a large deck. A white car is parked on the driveway. The background is a dense forest of green trees.

In watershed areas where lawns are maintained use of zero phosphorus fertilizer is recommended. Lawns rarely need additional phosphorus (they need nitrogen) and it is phosphorus that stimulates algae blooms.

ca. 0.98-1.52 lb TP / Acre / Year

Can we manage land in residential use to mimic the water quality function of woodlands?

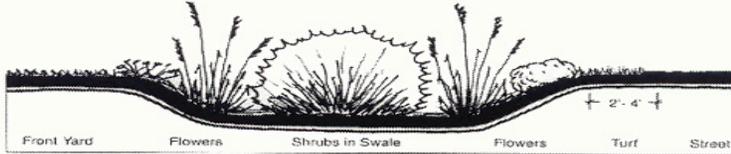
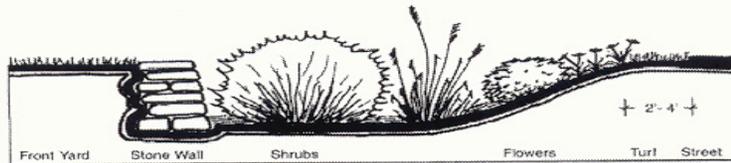
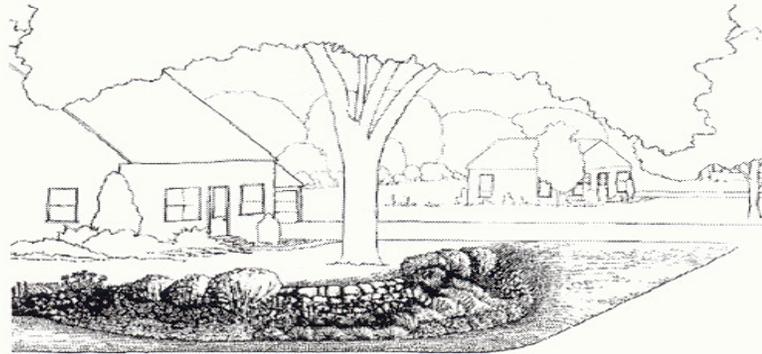
Yes, we can.

This is an example of an excellent lakefront landscape (the only exception being the length of the “seawall”). View corridors, heavily vegetated, lakeside amenities that “disappear” into natural cover.



Figure 4-6. Residential Rain Gardens

Typical Residential Rain Garden (With and Without Masonry Wall)



First 1/2 Inch
0.40 lb P / Acre / Year
First 1 Inch
0.20 lb P / Acre / Year

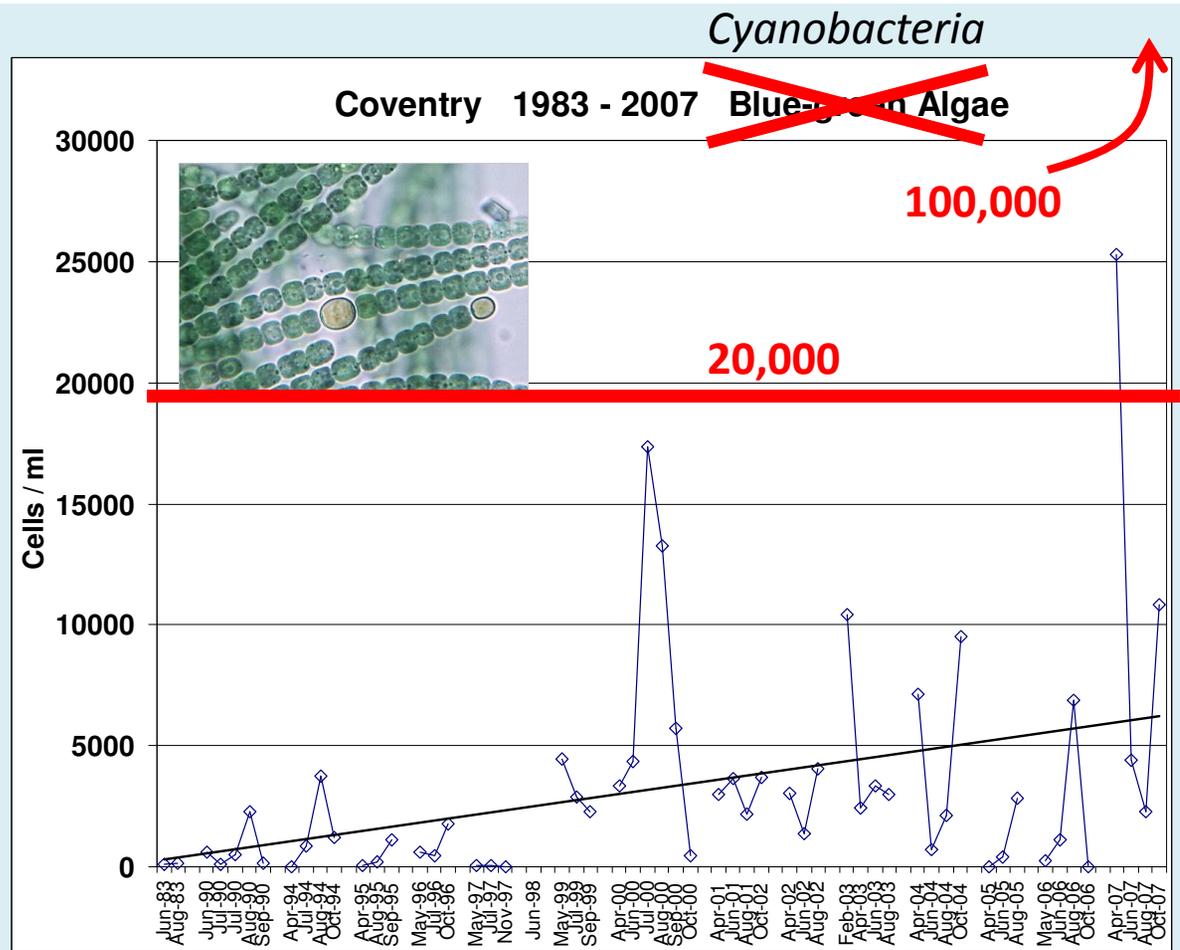
Examples of Residential Rain Gardens



Source: Metropolitan Council, 2001 (Adapted from Nassauer et al., 1997) and Low Impact Development Center (www.lowimpactdevelopment.org), 2001.

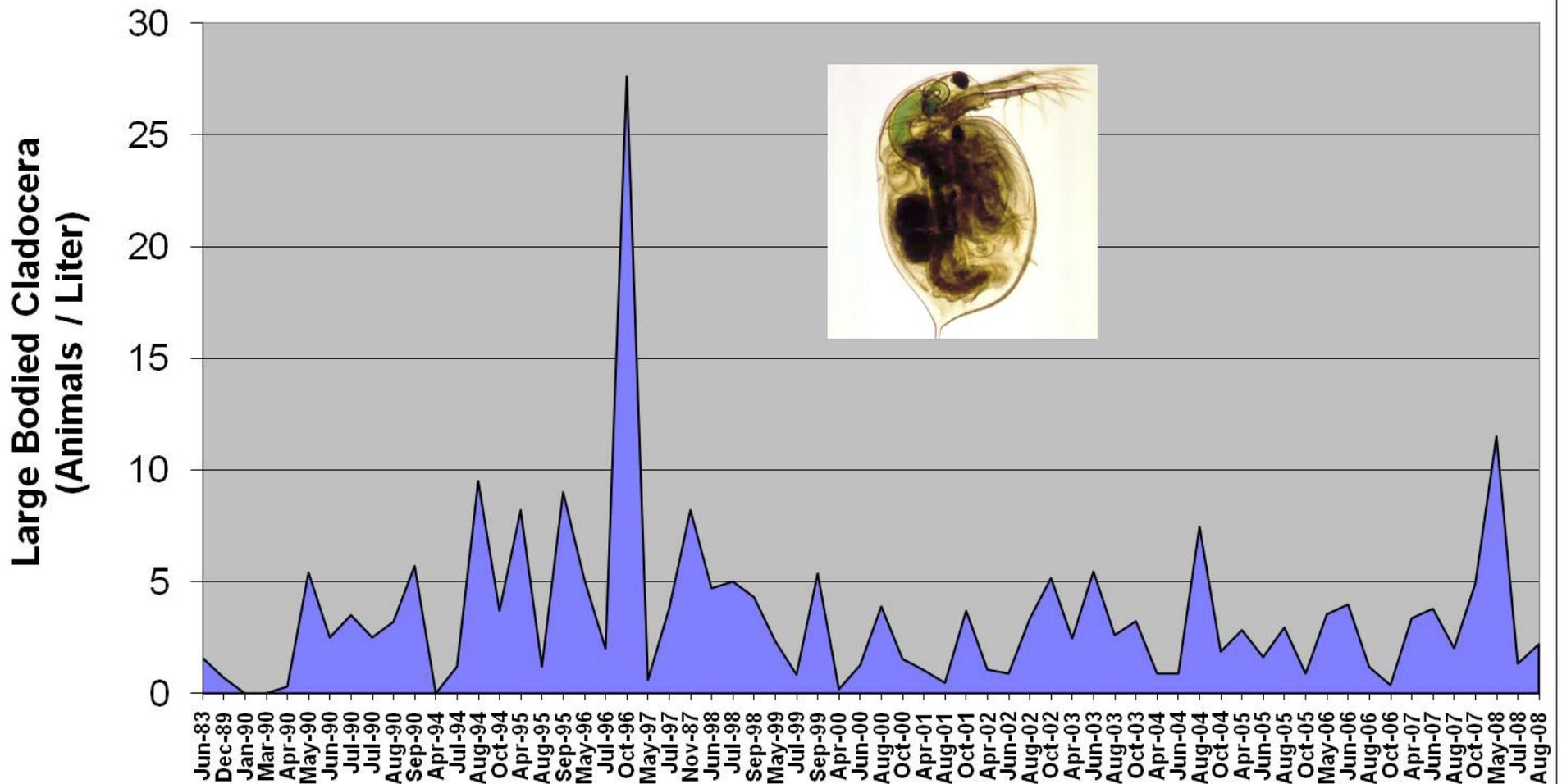


LAKE OR RESERVOIR NAME	Coventry	Coventry
STATION NAME OR NUMBER		
DATE	21-May	25-Jun
2009	0-5m	0-5m
DEPTH		
ALL NUMBERS IN CELLS PER ML SPECIES		
BACILLARIOPHYCEAE		
<i>Asterionella formosa</i>		293
<i>Cyclotella</i> spp.		6
<i>Cyclotella striata</i>		6
<i>Melosira granulata</i>		24
<i>Tabellaria</i> spp.		98
total	0.00	396.37
DINOPHYCEAE		
<i>Ceratium</i> spp.		2
<i>Glenodinium</i> spp.		15
total	0.00	2.36
CYANOPHYCEAE		
<i>Anabaena</i> spp.		30
<i>Aphanizomenon</i> spp.		366
<i>Aphanocapsa</i> spp.		188
<i>Gloeothece</i> spp.		415
<i>Gomphosphaeria</i> spp.		389
total	0.00	445.15
EUGLENOPHYCEAE		
<i>Trachelomonas</i> spp.		15
total	0.00	0.00
CHLOROPHYCEAE		
<i>Chlamydomonas</i> spp.		6
<i>Closteriopsis</i> spp.		5
<i>Gloeocystis</i> spp.		75
<i>Kirchneriella lunaris</i>		15
<i>Quadrigula</i> spp.		61
<i>Scenedesmus</i> spp.		12
<i>Schroederia</i> spp.		15
total	0.00	159.65
CRYPTOPHYCEAE		
<i>Cryptomonas</i> spp.		195
total	0.00	195.14
CHRYSOPHYCEAE		
<i>Dinobryon</i> spp.		226
<i>Synura</i> spp.		61
total	0.00	225.63
NANNOPLANKTON		
unidentified microphytoflagellates		366
total	0.00	365.88
TOTAL	0.000	1790.176
ALL NUMBERS IN CELLS PER ML		5896.685



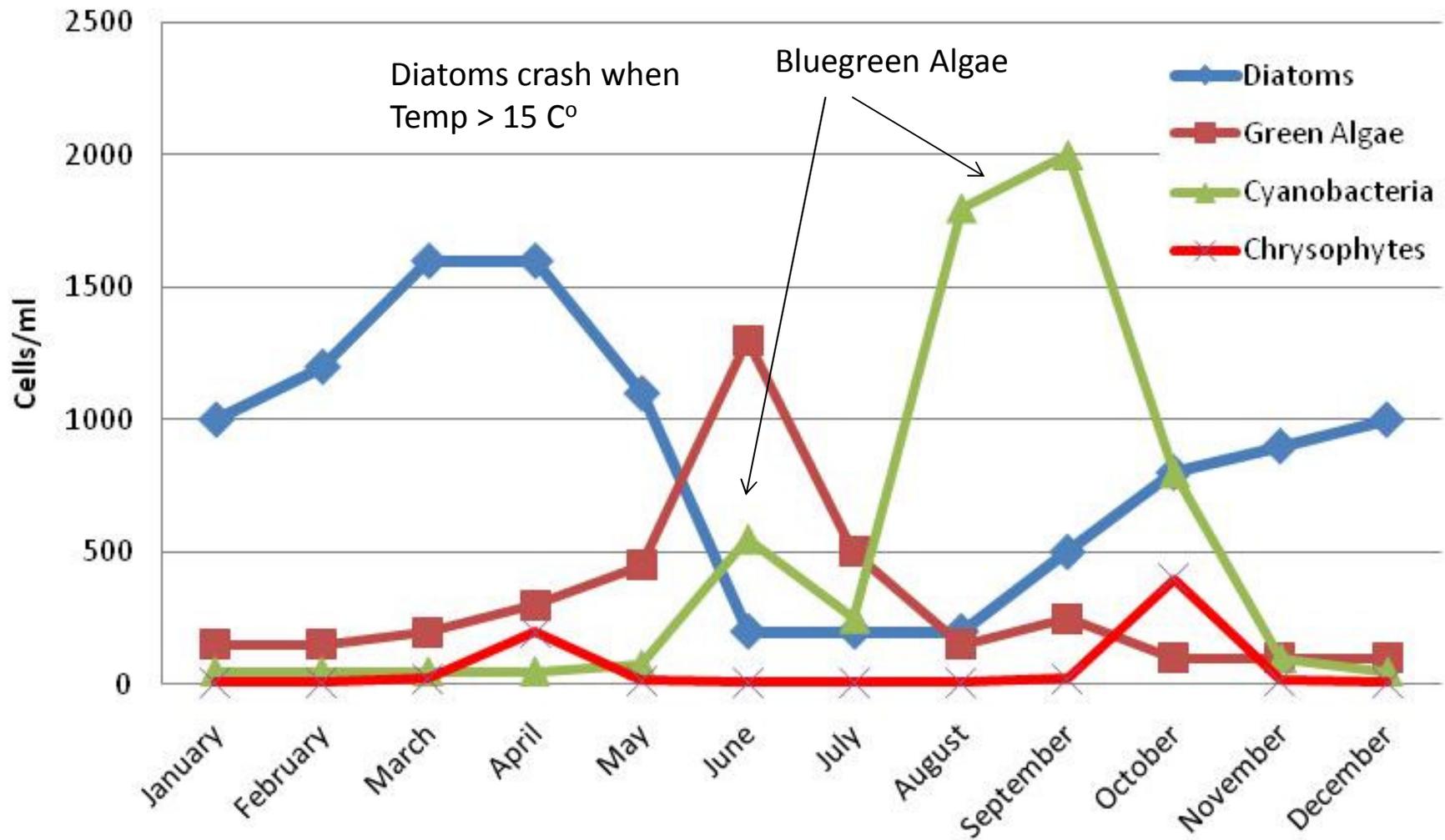
Relatively low algae densities were observed in June 2009; however approximately 70% of the cells were Cyanobacteria (bluegreen algae)

Coventry Lake Cladocera (>0.8mm) 1983 - 2008



Large-bodied cladocera continue to persist at significant population levels, with a peak following the diatom maximum in Spring. The food-web and grazing mechanism continues to be a healthy feature.

Typical Phytoplankton Seasonal Succession



DIATOMS → GREENS → BLUEGREENS → DIATOMS



Littoral Zone

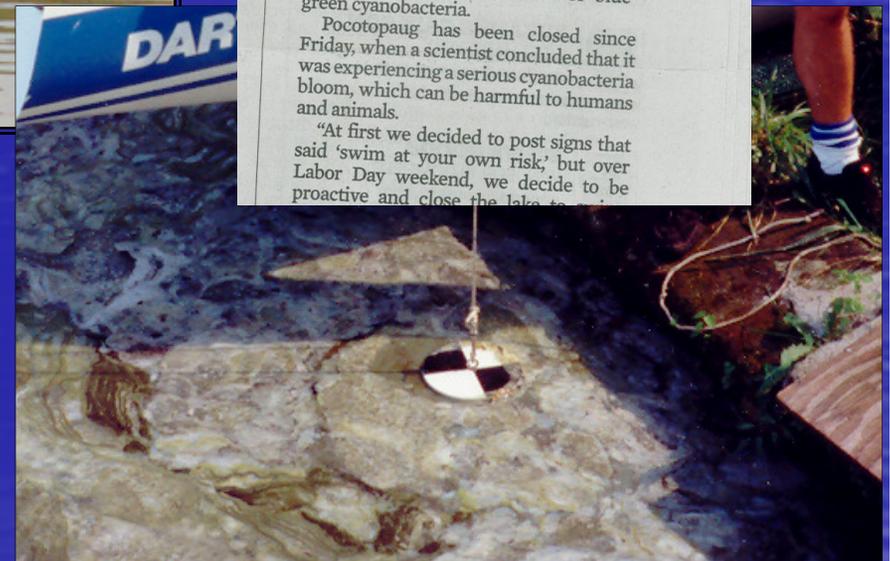
***Manage* to reduce the *nuisance* posed by rooted aquatic vegetation
Protect against new Invasive Species infestation**



Cyanobacteria Blooms can rapidly alter the Nature of a Lake Ecosystem.

Restoration is much more difficult to accomplish than Preservation!

e.g. Lake Pocotopaug, East Hampton, CT
Lower Bolton Lake, Bolton



Wangumbaug

Summer 2014:

Excellent Water Quality

Excellent Habitat Quality

More Plant Growth than Typical

“The Lake Isn’t Broken!”

(Let’s not break it.)

Questions?